

Evaluation of American Community Survey (ACS) Temporary Migrant Estimates

By Rachel Cassidy*

The main goal of the Assignment by Migrant Status project was to create algorithms to “assign” migrant statuses to the foreign born population in *Census 2000* and the *American Community Survey* (ACS). Using ACS data would provide current survey-based estimates of migrant status groups for possible use in the Census Bureau’s intercensal estimates, as well as for additional research. However, the ACS is relatively new, and its appropriateness for this type of estimate production is relatively unknown. ACS estimates therefore need to be evaluated before proceeding with the development of new migrant status algorithms.

This report represents a starting point in the evaluation of the reasonableness of ACS data to estimate migrant status groups, based on the results of the temporary migrant algorithm run on ACS data from 2000, 2001, and 2002. The temporary migrant algorithm was originally developed in the early 1990s to produce an estimate of temporary migrants in the U.S. and later was updated for *Census 2000* and then revised during 2002 (see Appendix for a description of the algorithm’s methodology). For this project, the algorithm was adapted to ACS. Total temporary migrant population estimates and basic demographic characteristics are presented here for *Census 2000* and ACS from 2000, 2001, and 2002. At this time, comparisons between data sets or across years will not be made because the standard errors for the ACS estimates are not yet available.

Variations in estimates from *Census 2000* and 2000 ACS could be due to some inherent differences between the surveys. For example, the decennial census and ACS have different residency rules to determine who is included as a household member. The decennial census counts people at their place of “usual residence,” which is defined as the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time, or the place he or she considers to be his or her usual residence. The ACS, on the other hand, includes people at their “current residence” and determines this using the “two-month rule,” which states that if a person is staying in a sample unit at the time of survey contact, and is staying there for more than two months, he or she is a current resident of that unit whether or not the unit is also the person’s usual residence under census rules. These different residency rules could particularly affect temporary migrants because they might be more likely to have difficulty identifying their usual place of residence, especially if they are new migrants or seasonal workers.

Another difference that could affect estimates is that *Census 2000* represents the population at one point in time, April 1, 2000, while ACS data is collected throughout the year. The longer collection period for ACS could possibly result in the inclusion of more temporary migrants,

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especially seasonal workers. The different data collection periods could also affect some variables used in the algorithm to identify temporary migrants, such as school enrollment and employment status. Other differences between *Census 2000* and ACS to consider are population universes, modes of data collection, and non-response follow-up procedures.

At this time, the rate of undercount, if any, of the foreign-born population and specific types of migrants in *Census 2000* and ACS is unknown. It is likely that some undercoverage of a unique population like temporary migrants does exist, which could also affect the estimates presented here.

Differences in estimates of temporary migrants across ACS years might also be affected by inconsistencies in the population controls used to weight the survey. Specifically, the assumed annual net change in the foreign born population used in the production of population estimates increased to a high of 1.4 million between 2001 and 2002.

ACS estimates presented here do not include standard errors or confidence intervals; some differences shown may in fact not be statistically significant. A future report will expand on this one and include standard errors and a comparison of estimates between *Census 2000* and 2000 ACS, as well as across years for ACS.

Temporary Migrant Estimate

Table 1 shows temporary migrants by category for *Census 2000* (household population only) and 2000, 2001, and 2002 ACS. The estimate of total temporary migrants in *Census 2000* is **764,171** and in 2000 ACS is **846,097**, despite the fact that the same criteria were used to identify temporary migrants in both data sets.

The large majority of temporary migrants are students or temporary workers in both Census and ACS. College students represent the largest category, followed by H1-B specialty occupation workers; these two groups and their dependents comprise approximately 71% of all temporary migrants.

Sex

Both *Census 2000* and 2000 ACS have the same proportion of male and female temporary migrants (approximately 55% male and 45% female, Table 2a). The total foreign-born and total populations, however, appear to have more even sex distributions, with slightly fewer males and more females than temporary migrants (Tables 2a and 2b).

Age

Table 3a shows temporary migrants by 5-year age groups. The age distribution of temporary migrants is very similar between *Census 2000* and 2000 ACS, with the most people in the 20-34 year groups. The temporary migrant population appears to be somewhat younger than the total foreign-born population, which would be expected given the large number of students

and temporary workers among temporary migrants (see Table 3b). However, both the temporary migrant and foreign-born population appear to have more people concentrated in the working ages than the total U.S. population, which is more evenly distributed across age groups (Table 3c).

Tables 4a and 4b present the temporary migrant, foreign-born, and total population broken into the larger age groups used for the Census Bureau's Demographic Analysis (DA) and Demographic Analysis/Population Estimates project (DAPE).¹ Most temporary migrants are in the 18-29 year age group, while the largest number of foreign-born and the total populations are in the 30-49 year age group.

Race and Hispanic Origin

The distribution of temporary migrants by race and Hispanic origin is similar between *Census 2000* and 2000 ACS; as would be expected, a larger proportion of temporary migrants are non-Hispanic (approximately 86%) compared with all foreign-born people (approximately 54%) (Table 5a). The proportion of non-Hispanic temporary migrants is actually more similar to that of the total population (Table 5b). The temporary migrant estimate also includes more Asians (approximately 50%) than the foreign born (approximately 24%); in contrast, Asians comprise only about 4% of the total U.S. population.

Place of Birth

The distribution of place of birth among the estimated temporary migrants appears to be different from the total foreign-born population (see Table 6), which is consistent with the differences seen in race and Hispanic origin. Most temporary migrants were born in Asia and Europe, and relatively few in Mexico; in contrast, most of the total foreign-born population was born in Mexico, followed by Asia.

Year of Entry

Most of the temporary migrant population is concentrated in the most recent years of entry, with very few entering more than a few years before the survey or census; this is a result of the algorithm restricting most temporary migrants to the previous few years of entry. The total foreign-born population also appears to have larger numbers in the most recent years, but unlike temporary migrants, it has more consistent numbers in each earlier year of entry. The ACS estimates appear to be higher than *Census 2000* for both temporary migrants and all foreign born, which is likely due to the fact that the ACS estimate is from data collected during all of 2000, while Census includes only those people in the U.S. on April 1.

At first glance, the change in year of entry across ACS years looks odd, but it in fact shows a consistent pattern of temporary migrants losing population in the older years of entry as time

¹ Demographic Analysis (DA) is a method used by the Census Bureau to evaluate coverage of the national population in a census, by creating benchmarks using administrative data and estimates that are independent of the census. Between March and September 2001, the Demographic Analysis-Population Estimates (DAPE) research project addressed the discrepancy between the demographic analysis data and the A.C.E. adjusted estimates of the population, by primarily evaluating estimates of international migration.

goes on. Although some of the percentage changes are large in magnitude, the pattern is apparently relatively steady.

State of Residence

Temporary migrants are shown by state of residence in Table 8a. Interestingly, at least some temporary migrants were found in every state. However, like the foreign-born and total U.S. population, the largest numbers of temporary migrants were living in California, New York, Texas, and Florida (see Tables 8b and 8c).

Most temporary migrants appear to be living in the West region, followed closely by the South (see Table 9a). The distribution of temporary migrants by region looks similar to the total foreign-born population, which also has the most people living in the West and South. Foreign-born people, including temporary migrants, appear to have different settlement patterns in the U.S. than the native population; the most populated region among the entire U.S. population is the South (see Table 9b).

Conclusion

This report has presented a very brief examination of some of the characteristics of temporary migrants as estimated by the algorithm in *Census 2000* and ACS. Many of the results demonstrate a population that appears to be somewhat different from the total foreign-born population. The educational and employment requirements of many temporary migrants make them a unique and relatively small group of foreign-born people, and the differences seen here can help confirm that the algorithm used to identify temporary migrants could likely be selecting many of the correct people.

APPENDIX: Description of Temporary Migrant Algorithm

First the pool of possible temporary migrants is determined by excluding the following people:

- 1) U.S. citizens (native and naturalized)
- 2) Non-U.S. citizens entering the U.S. before 1990. All of the visa categories require years of entry of 1990 or later.
- 3) Non-U.S. citizens receiving public assistance (Temporary migrants are not allowed to receive public assistance).
- 4) Non-U.S. citizen householders with a citizen spouse. These householders are assumed to be legal permanent residents (LPRs) rather than temporary migrants.
- 5) Non-U.S. citizen spouses and other relatives with a citizen householder. These are also assumed to more likely be LPRs. Other relatives could possibly be temporary migrants, but those cases are not typical.
- 6) Non-U.S. citizen relatives (including householders) living with any householders' child who entered the U.S. before both of their parents. Family members entering after a child are probably either LPRs sponsored by the child or illegal immigrants joining their family. It is unlikely, though not impossible, that temporary migrant relatives would enter after a child.

Any individual meeting one or more of the above conditions should not be a temporary migrant, and is therefore excluded from further analysis. The remaining non-U.S. citizens are possible temporary migrants, and are tested to determine if they match the criteria for any of the visa categories included in the algorithm. The criteria for each category are outlined below, in the order they appear in the algorithm:

Diplomats (A-1 and A-2)

- In U.S. 10 years or less
- Employed (not military)
- Living in D.C., Virginia, Maryland, or New York
- National security/international affairs (959) industry
- One of the following occupations:
 - 43 Attaché, consul, diplomat
 - 586 Clerks
 - 570 Administrative support

International Organization and NATO Employees (G-1 through G-4; NATO)

- In U.S. 5 years or less
- Employed (not military)
- Does not meet Diplomat criteria
- National security/international affairs (959) industry

Agricultural Workers (H-2A)

- In U.S. 3 years or less
- Employed (not military)

- Born in Jamaica or Mexico
- Boarder, roommate, or other nonrelative of householder, or in noninstitutional group quarters
- Living in North Carolina, Virginia, Kentucky, New York, Connecticut, Massachusetts, Tennessee, or Idaho (where majority of H-2A workers reside)
- One of the following occupations:
 - 20 Farm, ranch, and other agricultural managers
 - 600 First-line supervisors/managers/contractors of farming, fishing, forestry work
 - 605-609 Other agricultural workers

Nonagricultural Workers (H-2B)

- In U.S. 1 year or less
- Employed (civilian)
- One of the following industries:
 - 27 Logging
 - 319 Manufacturing
 - 856-869 Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodations
- One of the following occupations:
 - 272 Athletes, coaches, umpires, & related workers
 - 395 Lifeguards & other protective service workers
 - 411 Waiters & waitresses
 - 423 Maids & housekeeping cleaners
 - 434 Animal trainers
 - 462 Recreation & fitness workers
 - 613 Logging workers (Canadians only)
 - 621 Boilermakers (Canadians only)

Religious Workers (R-1)

- In U.S. 3 years or less
- Religious industry (916)
- One of the following occupations:
 - 204 Clergy
 - 205 Directors, religious activities & education
 - 206-209 Religious workers, all other

Artists and Entertainers (O and P)

- In U.S. 3 years or less
- One of the following industries:
 - 199 Printing
 - 647 News
 - 648 Publishing, except newspapers and software
 - 657 Motion pictures and video
 - 659-666 Sound recording
 - 667 Radio and TV broadcasting and cable
 - 856 Arts, entertainment
 - 857 Museums, art galleries, etc.
 - 859 Entertainment

- One of the following occupations:

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 260 Artists & related workers 263 Designers 270 Actors 271 Producers & directors 272-273 Athletes, coaches, umpires, & related workers 274 Dancers & choreographers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 275 Musicians, singers, & related workers 276-279 Entertainers & performers, sports & related workers, all other 284 Technical writers 285 Writers & authors 291 Photographers
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Intracompany Transferees (L-1)

- In U.S. 3 years or less
- Employed (civilian)
- Private business employee
- At least bachelor’s degree
- One of the following occupations:

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 4 Advertising & promotions managers 5 Marketing & sales managers 6 Public relations managers 12 Financial managers 13 Human resources managers 15 Purchasing managers 31 Food service managers 34 Lodging managers 35 Medical & health services managers 41 Property, real estate, and community association managers 50 Agents & business managers of artists, performers, & athletes 51 Purchasing agents & buyers, except farm products 52 Wholesale & retail buyers, except farm products 53 Purchasing agents, except wholesale, retail, & farm products 62-69 Human resources, training, & labor relations specialists 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 71 Management analysts 80 Accountants & auditors 86-89 Insurance underwriters 282 Public relations specialists 470 First-line supervisors/managers of retail sales workers 471 First-line supervisors/managers of non-retail sales 480 Advertising sales agents 484 Sales representatives, services, all other 485-489 Sales representatives, wholesale & manufacturing 493 Sales engineers 500 First-line supervisors/managers of office & administrative support workers 700 First-line supervisors/managers of mechanics, installers, & repairers 770 First-line supervisors/managers of production & operations workers
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Teachers, Medical Trainees, Professors, and Research Scholars (J-1)

- In U.S. 3 years or less
- Employed (civilian)
- At least bachelor’s degree
- One of the following occupations:
 - 220-229 Postsecondary teachers
 - 230-239 Other teachers
 - 240-242 Archivists, curators, & museum technicians
 - 243 Librarians
 - 255-259 Other education, training, & library workers
 - 300 Chiropractors
 - 301-302 Dentists
 - 303 Dieticians & nutritionists
 - 304 Optometrists
 - 305 Pharmacists
 - 306-310 Physicians & surgeons
 - 311 Physician assistants
 - 312 Podiatrists
 - 313 Registered nurses
 - 314 Audiologists
 - 315 Occupational therapists
 - 316-319 Physical therapists
 - 320 Radiation therapists
 - 321 Recreational therapists
 - 322 Respiratory therapists
 - 323 Speech-language pathologists
 - 324 Therapists, all other
 - 325 Veterinarians

Trainees and International Visitors (J-1)

- In U.S. 1 year or less
- At least bachelor’s degree
- One of the following occupations:
 - 2 General and operations managers
 - 11 Computer & information systems managers
 - 12 Financial managers
 - 13 Human resources managers
 - 20 Farm, ranch, & other agric. managers
 - 22 Constructions managers
 - 23-29 Education administrators
 - 34 Lodging managers
 - 42 Social & community service managers
 - 62-69 Human resources, training, & labor relations specialists
 - 80 Accountants & auditors
 - 85 Personal financial advisors
 - 100-129 Computer & mathematical occup.
 - 130-159 Architecture & engineering occup.
 - 160-199 Life, physical, & social science occup.
 - 200 Counselors
 - 211-213 Judges, magistrates, & other judicial workers
 - 263-269 Designers
 - 281 News analysts, reporters, & correspondents
 - 283 Editors
 - 285 Writers & authors
 - 290 Broadcast & sound engineering techs and radio operators

Au Pairs (J-1)

- In U.S. 1 year or less
- Boarder, roommate, or other non-relative of household head
- Age 18-27
- At least a high school diploma
- At least one child age 15 years or younger in household
- Child care worker occupation (460)

High School Exchange Students (J-1 and F-1)

- In U.S. 2 years or less if in private school, *or* 1 year or less if in public school
- Not in labor force
- Attending grades 9 through 12
- Age 13-19
- Boarder, roommate, *or* other non-relative of householder

North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA) Workers (TN)

- In U.S. 3 years or less
- Employed (civilian)
- Born in Canada (in 2000, most TN admissions were from Canada)
- At least a bachelor's degree
- One of the following occupations:

14	Industrial production managers	172-173	Chemists & materials scientists
34	Lodging managers	174-175	Environmental scientists & geoscientists
54-55	Claims adjusters, appraisers, examiners, & investigators	180	Economists
71	Management analysts	182	Psychologists
80	Accountants & auditors	184-185	Urban & regional planners
100	Computer scientists & systems analysts	186-189	Misc. social scientists & related workers
121	Mathematicians	190	Agricultural & food science techs
130	Architects, except naval	191	Biological techs
131	Surveyors, cartographers, & photogrammetrists	192	Chemical techs
132	Aerospace engineers	193	Geological & petroleum techs
133	Agricultural engineers	194-195	Nuclear techs
134	Biomedical engineers	196-199	Other life, physical, & social science techs
135	Chemical engineers	200	Counselors
136-139	Civil engineers	201	Social workers
140	Computer hardware engineers	210	Lawyers
141	Electrical & electronics engineers	220-229	Postsecondary teachers
142	Environmental engineers	243	Librarians
143	Industrial engineers, including health & safety	263-269	Designers
144	Marine engineers & naval architects	284	Technical writers
145	Materials engineers	285	Writers & authors
146-149	Mechanical engineers	301-302	Dentists
150	Mining & geological engineers, including mining safety engineers	303	Dietitians & nutritionists
151	Nuclear engineers	305	Pharmacists
152	Petroleum engineers	306-310	Physicians & surgeons
153	Engineers, all other	313	Registered nurses
160	Agricultural & food scientists	315	Occupational therapists
161-163	Biological scientists	316-319	Physical therapists
164	Conservation scientists & foresters	321	Recreational therapists
165-169	Medical scientists	325	Veterinarians
170	Astronomers & physicists	330	Clinical laboratory technologists
171	Atmospheric & space scientists	602-603	Animal breeders

Specialty Occupation Workers (H-1B)

- In U.S. 3 years or less
- Employed (civilian)
- Private business employee
- At least bachelor's degree
- One of the following occupations:

100-129	Computer and Mathematical occs.	315-324	Therapist Occupations
130-159	Architecture and Engineering occs.	330-359	Healthcare Technical Occupations (except Licensed Nurses (350))
160-199	Life, Physical, and Social Science Occupations	361	Occupational therapist assistants & aides
210	Lawyers	362	Physical therapist assistants & aides
211-213	Judges, magistrates, & other judicial workers	364	Dental assistants
220-239	Education Occupations	365-365	Medical assistants & other healthcare support occupations
281	News analysts, reporters, & correspondents	490-491	Models, demonstrators, & product promoters
283	Editors	790-791	Computer control programmers & operators
290	Broadcast & sound engineering techs & radio operators	813	Tool & die makers
303	Dieticians & nutritionists	903	Aircraft pilots & flight engineers
305	Pharmacists		

College Students (F-1)

- In U.S. 6 years or less
- At least high school graduate
- Enrolled in college or graduate school
- Not in labor force, or employed and worked less than 20 hours per week last year

Servants of Diplomats and International Organization Employees (A-3 and G-5)

- In U.S. 10 years or less
- Roomer/boarder or other nonrelative of householder
- Not classified as diplomat or international organization employee
- Householder or householder's spouse is a diplomat or international organization employee
- Private household industry (929)
- One of the following occupations:

402	Cooks	460	Child care workers
423	Maids & housekeeping cleaners	465-469	Personal care and service workers, all other

Once people are classified into the above visa categories, they will be excluded from those categories if:

- 1) They entered the U.S. after their spouse. These people can still be temporary migrants as the dependents of their spouse, but they cannot be the principal temporary migrant. They are later tested to determine if they are a dependent.
- 2) They are assigned a visa category that prohibits dependents from working (H-1B, religious worker, nonagricultural worker, or NAFTA worker) and either their spouse or dependent child is employed. Although it's possible that a married couple could both be in the U.S. as principal temporary migrants, it is assumed that most couples have one principal spouse and one dependent. The one exception to this rule is made

for students: students are only excluded if their child is working, because their spouse might also be a student.

People with a working child are not excluded unless the child also meets the basic requirements for temporary migrants and they entered the U.S. before they were 21 (i.e. they are most likely here as a temporary migrant dependent). These excluded temps are then tested once more against the criteria for the visa categories that do not prohibit working dependents.

Additionally, any spouse or dependent child of someone who was excluded from the initial pool of possible temporary migrants is also excluded from the temporary migrant population, regardless of their original classification.

Spouses of principal temporary migrants are classified as their spouse's dependent, as long as they meet the basic criteria for temporary migrants. If both spouses meet the criteria for a principal visa category, the householder remains the principal visa holder and their spouse is classified as their dependent. The only exception, as noted above, is for students: both spouses may remain students, without a dependent.

Children who are not excluded from the initial pool of temporary migrants, and who were younger than 21 when they entered the U.S., are classified as the dependent of their principal parents.

Anyone classified as a temporary migrant and born in a "refugee" country is reclassified as a refugee instead. Refugee countries include: Yugoslavia, Bosnia-Herzegovina, Azerbaijan, Moldova, Ukraine, USSR, Afghanistan, Kyrgyzstan, Laos, Liberia, Somalia, and Sudan.

Table 1. Temporary Migrants in U.S. by Visa Category

Visa Category	Census 2000*		ACS										
	Number	Percent**	2000		2001		2002		% Change 2000-2001	% Change 2001-2002	Average Change 2000-2002	Average 2000-2001	Average 2001-2002
			Number	Percent**	Number	Percent**	Number	Percent**					
Total	764,171	100.0%	846,097	100.0%	865,019	100.0%	884,719	100.0%	2.2%	2.3%	19,311	855,558	874,869
Students	379,784	49.7%	400,794	47.4%	372,366	43.0%	420,429	47.5%	-7.1%	12.9%	9,818	386,580	396,398
College Student	303,702	80.0%	323,246	80.7%	293,500	78.8%	322,353	76.7%	-9.2%	9.8%	-447	308,373	307,927
College Student Dependent	59,253	15.6%	64,060	16.0%	62,832	16.9%	83,017	19.7%	-1.9%	32.1%	9,479	63,446	72,925
High School Student	16,829	4.4%	13,488	3.4%	16,034	4.3%	15,059	3.6%	18.9%	-6.1%	786	14,761	15,547
Scholars and Trainees	58,284	7.6%	73,481	8.7%	76,774	8.9%	81,940	9.3%	4.5%	6.7%	4,230	75,128	79,357
Scholar (J-1)	30,353	52.1%	34,493	46.9%	40,181	52.3%	40,612	49.6%	16.5%	1.1%	3,060	37,337	40,397
Scholar Dependent	27,931	47.9%	38,988	53.1%	36,593	47.7%	41,328	50.4%	-6.1%	12.9%	1,170	37,791	38,961
Temporary Workers	299,007	39.1%	340,015	40.2%	388,633	44.9%	361,134	40.8%	14.3%	-7.1%	10,560	364,324	374,884
Agric. Worker	2,928	1.0%	7,205	2.1%	3,653	0.9%	5,503	1.5%	-49.3%	50.6%	-851	5,429	4,578
Intracompany Transferee	39,801	13.3%	38,168	11.2%	54,839	14.1%	52,522	14.5%	43.7%	-4.2%	7,177	46,504	53,681
Intracompany Transferee Dep.	36,744	12.3%	35,734	10.5%	53,126	13.7%	58,022	16.1%	48.7%	9.2%	11,144	44,430	55,574
Au Pair	5,328	1.8%	3,882	1.1%	5,941	1.5%	3,822	1.1%	53.0%	-35.7%	-30	4,912	4,882
H-1B	116,388	38.9%	139,569	41.0%	142,748	36.7%	124,020	34.3%	2.3%	-13.1%	-7,775	141,159	133,384
H-1B Dependent	69,586	23.3%	76,385	22.5%	92,093	23.7%	77,766	21.5%	20.6%	-15.6%	691	84,239	84,930
Religious Worker	3,137	1.0%	7,440	2.2%	3,626	0.9%	4,739	1.3%	-51.3%	30.7%	-1,351	5,533	4,183
Religious Worker Dependent	2,714	0.9%	2,006	0.6%	5,306	1.4%	10,535	2.9%	164.5%	98.5%	4,265	3,656	7,921
Artist or Entertainer	6,256	2.1%	5,906	1.7%	10,274	2.6%	5,976	1.7%	74.0%	-41.8%	35	8,090	8,125
Artist Dependent	2,839	0.9%	4,163	1.2%	5,918	1.5%	1,774	0.5%	42.2%	-70.0%	-1,195	5,041	3,846
Non-agricultural Worker (H-2B)	12,197	4.1%	17,619	5.2%	9,073	2.3%	15,738	4.4%	-48.5%	73.5%	-941	13,346	12,406
Non-agricultural Worker Dep.	1,089	0.4%	1,938	0.6%	2,036	0.5%	717	0.2%	5.1%	-64.8%	-611	1,987	1,377
International Org. Employees	12,772	1.7%	16,146	1.9%	15,240	1.8%	14,373	1.6%	-5.6%	-5.7%	-887	15,693	14,807
International Org./NATO Emp.	5,858	45.9%	7,161	44.4%	8,181	53.7%	6,139	42.7%	14.2%	-25.0%	-511	7,671	7,160
Internat'l Org. Dependent	6,858	53.7%	8,890	55.1%	6,853	45.0%	8,234	57.3%	-22.9%	20.2%	-328	7,872	7,544
Internat'l Org. Servant	56	0.4%	95	0.6%	206	1.4%	0	0.0%	116.8%	-100.0%	-48	151	103
NAFTA Workers	5,961	0.8%	9,815	1.2%	4,345	0.5%	3,711	0.4%	-55.7%	-14.6%	-3,052	7,080	4,028
NAFTA Worker	4,175	70.0%	5,501	56.0%	3,767	86.7%	2,858	77.0%	-31.5%	-24.1%	-1,322	4,634	3,313
NAFTA Dependent	1,786	30.0%	4,314	44.0%	578	13.3%	853	23.0%	-86.6%	47.6%	-1,731	2,446	716
Diplomats	8,363	1.1%	5,846	0.7%	7,661	0.9%	3,132	0.4%	31.0%	-59.1%	-1,357	6,754	5,397
Diplomat	3,306	39.5%	3,002	51.4%	4,873	63.6%	1,939	61.9%	62.3%	-60.2%	-532	3,938	3,406
Diplomat Dependent	4,907	58.7%	2,844	48.6%	2,788	36.4%	1,193	38.1%	-2.0%	-57.2%	-826	2,816	1,991
Diplomat Servant	150	1.8%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0	0	0

* Household population only.

** Numbers in italics represent percent of bolded visa category, not total.

Table 2a. Temporary Migrants and Foreign Born Population in U.S. by Sex

Sex	Temporary Migrants						Total Foreign-Born Population					
	Census 2000*	ACS					Census 2000*	ACS				
		2000	2001	2002	% Change 2000-2001	% Change 2001-2002		2000	2001	2002	% Change 2000-2001	% Change 2001-2002
Total	764,171	846,097	865,019	884,719	2.2%	2.3%	30,734,026	30,273,660	31,482,280	33,048,849	4.0%	5.0%
Male	421,665	467,652	475,898	486,051	1.8%	2.1%	15,257,833	15,023,100	15,619,585	16,437,100	4.0%	5.2%
Female	342,506	378,445	389,121	398,668	2.8%	2.5%	15,476,193	15,250,560	15,862,695	16,611,749	4.0%	4.7%

* Household population only.

Table 2b. Total U.S. Population by Sex

Sex	Census 2000*	ACS				
		2000	2001	2002	% Change 2000-2001	% Change 2001-2002
Total	273,637,396	273,643,273	277,017,622	280,540,330	1.2%	1.3%
Male	133,425,594	133,502,983	135,200,904	137,048,827	1.3%	1.4%
Female	140,211,802	140,140,290	141,816,718	143,491,503	1.2%	1.2%

* Household population only.

Table 3a. Temporary Migrants in U.S. by Age

Age	Census 2000*		ACS							
			2000		2001		2002		% Change 2000-2001	% Change 2001-2002
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent		
Total	764,171	100.0%	846,097	100.0%	865,019	100.0%	884,719	100.0%	2.2%	2.3%
0-4 years	30,065	3.9%	33,341	3.9%	33,957	3.9%	33,871	3.8%	1.8%	-0.3%
5-9 years	34,632	4.5%	37,540	4.4%	40,498	4.7%	47,835	5.4%	7.9%	18.1%
10-14 years	24,836	3.3%	26,102	3.1%	32,710	3.8%	37,400	4.2%	25.3%	14.3%
15-19 years	52,007	6.8%	57,776	6.8%	57,754	6.7%	55,250	6.2%	0.0%	-4.3%
20-24 years	161,188	21.1%	156,872	18.5%	152,612	17.6%	150,215	17.0%	-2.7%	-1.6%
25-29 years	201,897	26.4%	234,261	27.7%	232,007	26.8%	218,643	24.7%	-1.0%	-5.8%
30-34 years	116,603	15.3%	131,266	15.5%	135,327	15.6%	151,277	17.1%	3.1%	11.8%
35-39 years	66,386	8.7%	74,985	8.9%	82,052	9.5%	83,850	9.5%	9.4%	2.2%
40-44 years	36,474	4.8%	44,645	5.3%	51,248	5.9%	51,855	5.9%	14.8%	1.2%
45-49 years	19,819	2.6%	22,350	2.6%	22,212	2.6%	28,972	3.3%	-0.6%	30.4%
50-54 years	10,566	1.4%	14,630	1.7%	13,113	1.5%	12,278	1.4%	-10.4%	-6.4%
55-59 years	4,493	0.6%	8,008	0.9%	6,495	0.8%	4,999	0.6%	-18.9%	-23.0%
60-64 years	2,573	0.3%	2,443	0.3%	3,418	0.4%	3,642	0.4%	39.9%	6.6%
65-69 years	1,290	0.2%	753	0.1%	1,357	0.2%	1,403	0.2%	80.2%	3.4%
70-74 years	689	0.1%	865	0.1%	32	0.0%	1,980	0.2%	-96.3%	6087.5%
75-79 years	353	0.0%	176	0.0%	227	0.0%	389	0.0%	29.0%	71.4%
80-84 years	169	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	860	0.1%	0.0%	100.0%
85+ years	131	0.0%	84	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	-100.0%	0.0%

* Household population only.

Table 3b. Foreign-Born Population in U.S. by Age

Age	Census 2000*		ACS							
			2000		2001		2002		% Change 2000-2001	% Change 2001-2002
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent		
Total	30,734,026	100.0%	30,273,660	100.0%	31,482,280	100.0%	33,048,849	100.0%	4.0%	5.0%
0-4 years	398,163	1.3%	353,945	1.2%	324,450	1.0%	342,308	1.0%	-8.3%	5.5%
5-9 years	748,181	2.4%	694,707	2.3%	730,064	2.3%	715,007	2.2%	5.1%	-2.1%
10-14 years	1,139,116	3.7%	1,059,037	3.5%	1,067,856	3.4%	1,050,478	3.2%	0.8%	-1.6%
15-19 years	1,673,431	5.4%	1,633,547	5.4%	1,596,616	5.1%	1,548,960	4.7%	-2.3%	-3.0%
20-24 years	2,627,016	8.5%	2,554,497	8.4%	2,581,479	8.2%	2,650,798	8.0%	1.1%	2.7%
25-29 years	3,365,578	11.0%	3,373,941	11.1%	3,484,919	11.1%	3,590,254	10.9%	3.3%	3.0%
30-34 years	3,559,932	11.6%	3,546,928	11.7%	3,722,893	11.8%	4,049,390	12.3%	5.0%	8.8%
35-39 years	3,526,233	11.5%	3,418,561	11.3%	3,643,212	11.6%	3,834,331	11.6%	6.6%	5.2%
40-44 years	3,104,769	10.1%	3,066,127	10.1%	3,201,758	10.2%	3,423,560	10.4%	4.4%	6.9%
45-49 years	2,515,604	8.2%	2,488,573	8.2%	2,650,491	8.4%	2,842,088	8.6%	6.5%	7.2%
50-54 years	2,047,304	6.7%	2,052,527	6.8%	2,153,644	6.8%	2,327,869	7.0%	4.9%	8.1%
55-59 years	1,495,333	4.9%	1,512,726	5.0%	1,670,452	5.3%	1,779,572	5.4%	10.4%	6.5%
60-64 years	1,276,290	4.2%	1,290,461	4.3%	1,312,606	4.2%	1,383,219	4.2%	1.7%	5.4%
65-69 years	1,014,107	3.3%	992,545	3.3%	1,067,273	3.4%	1,111,068	3.4%	7.5%	4.1%
70-74 years	863,527	2.8%	864,141	2.9%	861,211	2.7%	899,783	2.7%	-0.3%	4.5%
75-79 years	658,919	2.1%	651,709	2.2%	667,566	2.1%	704,464	2.1%	2.4%	5.5%
80-84 years	358,288	1.2%	367,998	1.2%	388,496	1.2%	443,662	1.3%	5.6%	14.2%
85+ years	362,235	1.2%	351,690	1.2%	357,294	1.1%	352,038	1.1%	1.6%	-1.5%

* Household population only.

Table 3c. Total U.S. Population by Age

Age	Census 2000*		ACS							
			2000		2001		2002		% Change 2000-2001	% Change 2001-2002
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent		
Total	273,637,396	100.0%	273,643,273	100.0%	277,017,622	100.0%	280,540,330	100.0%	1.2%	1.3%
0-4 years	19,017,105	6.9%	19,071,663	7.0%	19,265,574	7.0%	19,526,670	7.0%	1.0%	1.4%
5-9 years	20,581,068	7.5%	20,222,069	7.4%	20,114,715	7.3%	19,874,923	7.1%	-0.5%	-1.2%
10-14 years	20,544,002	7.5%	20,731,659	7.6%	20,911,778	7.5%	21,090,854	7.5%	0.9%	0.9%
15-19 years	18,464,833	6.7%	18,620,193	6.8%	18,680,434	6.7%	18,750,668	6.7%	0.3%	0.4%
20-24 years	17,451,245	6.4%	17,464,774	6.4%	18,085,901	6.5%	18,610,949	6.6%	3.6%	2.9%
25-29 years	18,698,106	6.8%	18,780,167	6.9%	18,330,983	6.6%	18,310,325	6.5%	-2.4%	-0.1%
30-34 years	19,891,657	7.3%	19,925,025	7.3%	20,160,447	7.3%	20,432,283	7.3%	1.2%	1.3%
35-39 years	22,583,573	8.3%	22,168,856	8.1%	21,885,388	7.9%	21,489,562	7.7%	-1.3%	-1.8%
40-44 years	22,406,243	8.2%	22,372,183	8.2%	22,574,477	8.1%	22,776,609	8.1%	0.9%	0.9%
45-49 years	19,895,761	7.3%	19,902,795	7.3%	20,527,365	7.4%	21,163,069	7.5%	3.1%	3.1%
50-54 years	17,200,752	6.3%	17,367,465	6.3%	18,187,773	6.6%	18,570,538	6.6%	4.7%	2.1%
55-59 years	13,238,507	4.8%	13,277,710	4.9%	13,948,191	5.0%	14,865,650	5.3%	5.0%	6.6%
60-64 years	10,665,340	3.9%	10,739,006	3.9%	11,085,594	4.0%	11,488,377	4.1%	3.2%	3.6%
65-69 years	9,434,041	3.4%	9,301,389	3.4%	9,393,472	3.4%	9,451,645	3.4%	1.0%	0.6%
70-74 years	8,737,062	3.2%	8,793,296	3.2%	8,613,072	3.1%	8,509,984	3.0%	-2.0%	-1.2%
75-79 years	7,075,459	2.6%	7,149,659	2.6%	7,179,927	2.6%	7,212,314	2.6%	0.4%	0.5%
80-84 years	4,503,203	1.6%	4,492,362	1.6%	4,723,077	1.7%	4,977,509	1.8%	5.1%	5.4%
85+ years	3,249,439	1.2%	3,263,002	1.2%	3,349,454	1.2%	3,438,401	1.2%	2.6%	2.7%

* Household population only.

Table 4a. Temporary Migrants and Foreign-Born Population in U.S. by D.A. Age Groups

Age Groups	Temporary Migrants						Total Foreign-Born Population					
	Census 2000*	ACS					Census 2000*	ACS				
		2000	2001	2002	% Change 2000-2001	% Change 2001-2002		2000	2001	2002	% Change 2000-2001	% Change 2001-2002
Total	764,171	846,097	865,019	884,719	2.2%	2.3%	30,734,026	30,273,660	31,482,280	33,048,849	4.0%	5.0%
0-17 years	112,472	120,306	136,446	147,439	13.4%	8.1%	3,195,860	3,014,939	2,981,310	2,967,483	-1.1%	-0.5%
18-29 years	392,153	425,586	413,092	395,775	-2.9%	-4.2%	6,755,625	6,654,735	6,804,074	6,930,322	2.2%	1.9%
30-49 years	239,282	273,246	290,839	315,954	6.4%	8.6%	12,706,538	12,520,189	13,218,354	14,149,369	5.6%	7.0%
50-64 years	17,632	25,081	23,026	20,919	-8.2%	-9.2%	4,818,927	4,855,714	5,136,702	5,490,660	5.8%	6.9%
65+ years	2,632	1,878	1,616	4,632	-14.0%	186.6%	3,257,076	3,228,083	3,341,840	3,511,015	3.5%	5.1%

* Household population only.

Table 4b. Total U.S. Population by D.A. Age Groups

Age Groups	Census 2000*	ACS				
		2000	2001	2002	% Change 2000-2001	% Change 2001-2002
Total	273,637,396	273,643,273	277,017,622	280,540,330	1.2%	1.3%
0-17 years	71,843,425	71,836,274	72,143,220	72,461,148	0.4%	0.4%
18-29 years	42,912,934	43,054,251	43,246,165	43,703,241	0.4%	1.1%
30-49 years	84,777,234	84,368,859	85,147,677	85,861,523	0.9%	0.8%
50-64 years	41,104,599	41,384,181	43,221,558	44,924,565	4.4%	3.9%
65+ years	32,999,204	32,999,708	33,259,002	33,589,853	0.8%	1.0%

* Household population only.

Table 5a. Temporary Migrants and Foreign-Born Population in U.S. by Race and Hispanic Origin

Race and Hispanic Origin	Temporary Migrants						Total Foreign-Born Population					
	Census 2000*	ACS					Census 2000*	ACS				
		2000	2001	2002	% Change 2000-2001	% Change 2001-2002		2000	2001	2002	% Change 2000-2001	% Change 2001-2002
Total	764,171	846,097	865,019	884,719	2.2%	2.3%	30,734,026	30,273,660	31,482,280	33,048,849	4.0%	5.0%
Hispanic	100,701	102,049	98,898	126,310	-3.1%	27.7%	14,031,788	13,484,459	14,220,913	15,178,151	5.5%	6.7%
Non-Hispanic	663,470	744,048	766,121	758,409	3.0%	-1.0%	16,702,238	16,789,201	17,261,367	17,870,698	2.8%	3.5%
White	242,632	249,363	272,310	286,585	9.2%	5.2%	7,168,719	7,265,413	7,430,515	7,411,303	2.3%	-0.3%
Black	37,688	41,615	47,574	42,773	14.3%	-10.1%	2,080,879	2,081,935	2,170,173	2,399,308	4.2%	10.6%
AIAN	451	681	765	916	12.3%	19.7%	31,579	24,821	28,631	28,933	15.3%	1.1%
Asian	371,920	445,642	436,287	417,496	-2.1%	-4.3%	7,046,131	7,161,812	7,349,460	7,751,889	2.6%	5.5%
NHPI	745	736	518	357	-29.6%	-31.1%	72,090	67,801	79,370	67,559	17.1%	-14.9%
Two or more races	10,034	6,011	8,667	10,282	44.2%	18.6%	302,840	187,419	203,218	211,706	8.4%	4.2%

* Household population only.

Table 5b. Total U.S. Population by Race and Hispanic Origin

Race and Hispanic Origin	Census 2000*	ACS				
		2000	2001	2002	% Change 2000-2001	% Change 2001-2002
Total	273,637,396	273,643,273	277,017,622	280,540,330	1.2%	1.3%
Hispanic	34,529,104	34,474,440	36,200,781	37,872,475	5.0%	4.6%
Non-Hispanic	239,108,292	239,168,833	240,816,841	242,667,855	0.7%	0.8%
White	190,611,398	190,637,033	191,254,977	191,906,084	0.3%	0.3%
Black	32,431,060	32,342,456	32,844,897	33,396,361	1.6%	1.7%
AIAN	2,051,014	1,765,545	1,672,393	1,662,349	-5.3%	-0.6%
Asian	10,116,119	10,282,310	10,582,120	11,208,253	2.9%	5.9%
NHPI	346,191	359,235	333,338	341,344	-7.2%	2.4%
Two or more races	3,552,510	3,782,254	4,129,116	4,153,464	9.2%	0.6%

* Household population only.

Table 6. Temporary Migrants and Foreign-Born Population in U.S. by Place of Birth

Place of Birth	Temporary Migrants						Total Foreign-Born Population					
	Census 2000*	ACS					Census 2000*	ACS				
		2000	2001	2002	% Change 2000-2001	% Change 2001-2002		2000	2001	2002	% Change 2000-2001	% Change 2001-2002
Total	764,171	846,097	865,019	884,719	2.2%	2.3%	30,734,026	30,273,660	31,482,280	33,048,849	4.0%	5.0%
United States	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Canada	38,168	43,430	47,595	51,943	9.6%	9.1%	801,495	826,775	830,689	815,286	0.5%	-1.9%
Mexico	39,074	46,351	33,745	47,316	-27.2%	40.2%	9,105,647	8,729,002	9,234,289	9,855,511	5.8%	6.7%
Other North and Central America/Caribbean	29,411	22,877	34,544	25,851	51.0%	-25.2%	4,924,133	4,813,026	4,901,573	5,192,586	1.8%	5.9%
South America	56,560	54,847	58,662	74,867	7.0%	27.6%	1,910,325	1,857,162	2,014,891	2,239,403	8.5%	11.1%
Europe	144,816	136,458	151,814	149,131	11.3%	-1.8%	4,835,301	4,758,215	4,841,854	4,857,924	1.8%	0.3%
China	57,081	73,675	74,783	60,188	1.5%	-19.5%	979,436	972,323	1,056,508	1,078,028	8.7%	2.0%
India	113,615	120,841	143,781	118,062	19.0%	-17.9%	1,012,855	1,059,096	1,185,481	1,228,604	11.9%	3.6%
Japan	52,056	73,116	64,269	55,002	-12.1%	-14.4%	338,202	382,317	356,254	350,605	-6.8%	-1.6%
Other Asia	184,484	215,407	188,995	250,012	-12.3%	32.3%	5,795,543	5,849,276	5,879,239	6,223,132	0.5%	5.8%
Africa	40,388	47,247	52,860	44,772	11.9%	-15.3%	866,214	853,636	983,377	1,013,880	15.2%	3.1%
Oceania	8,518	11,848	13,971	7,575	17.9%	-45.8%	164,595	170,542	197,935	193,890	16.1%	-2.0%
Born at Sea/Abroad	0	0	0	0	0.0%	0.0%	280	2,290	190	0	-91.7%	-100.0%

* Household population only.

Table 7. Temporary Migrants and Foreign-Born Population in U.S. by Year of Entry

Year of Entry	Temporary Migrants						Total Foreign-Born Population					
	Census 2000*	ACS					Census 2000*	ACS				
		2000	2001	2002	% Change 2000-2001	% Change 2001-2002		2000	2001	2002	% Change 2000-2001	% Change 2001-2002
Total	764,171	846,097	865,019	884,719	2.2%	2.3%	30,734,026	30,273,660	31,482,280	33,048,849	4.0%	5.0%
Before 1990	n/a**	n/a**	n/a**	n/a**	n/a	n/a	17,712,189	17,213,039	17,205,838	17,383,600	0.0%	1.0%
1990	195	58	n/a**	n/a**	n/a	n/a	1,344,551	1,434,483	1,288,203	1,296,055	-10.2%	0.6%
1991	282	0	0	n/a**	0.0%	n/a	981,075	916,676	958,318	977,241	4.5%	2.0%
1992	284	0	723	0	100.0%	-100.0%	1,076,540	1,054,662	944,603	1,200,070	-10.4%	27.0%
1993	395	0	0	0	0.0%	0.0%	1,011,634	977,443	950,145	919,754	-2.8%	-3.2%
1994	23,300	24,211	227	0	-99.1%	-100.0%	1,132,419	1,025,415	1,027,298	1,083,754	0.2%	5.5%
1995	37,240	38,818	17,055	213	-56.1%	-98.8%	1,344,513	1,314,433	1,234,121	1,200,944	-6.1%	-2.7%
1996	47,287	44,507	37,695	30,920	-15.3%	-18.0%	1,145,992	1,198,313	1,256,024	1,147,859	4.8%	-8.6%
1997	130,515	142,064	36,397	35,556	-74.4%	-2.3%	1,198,862	1,258,311	1,127,234	1,147,783	-10.4%	1.8%
1998	180,620	165,466	145,149	50,177	-12.3%	-65.4%	1,426,901	1,433,073	1,468,053	1,401,693	2.4%	-4.5%
1999	280,356	270,613	201,460	167,031	-25.6%	-17.1%	1,813,970	1,574,233	1,581,537	1,623,088	0.5%	2.6%
2000	63,697	160,360	286,582	212,202	78.7%	-26.0%	545,380	873,579	1,646,903	1,562,117	88.5%	-5.1%
2001	n/a	n/a	139,731	269,815	n/a	93.1%	n/a	n/a	794,003	1,445,426	n/a	82.0%
2002	n/a	n/a	n/a	118,805	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	659,465	n/a	n/a

* Household population only.

** The algorithm only allows temporary migrants to have entered the U.S. during the last ten years.

Table 8a. Temporary Migrants in U.S. by State of Residence

State	Census 2000*		ACS							
			2000		2001		2002		% Change 2000-2001	% Change 2001-2002
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent		
Total	764,171	100.0%	846,097	100.0%	865,019	100.0%	884,719	100.0%	2.2%	2.3%
Alabama	5,164	0.7%	7,912	0.9%	12,211	1.4%	11,576	1.3%	54.3%	-5.2%
Alaska	569	0.1%	475	0.1%	810	0.1%	302	0.0%	70.5%	-62.7%
Arizona	12,652	1.7%	12,183	1.4%	13,523	1.6%	18,524	2.1%	11.0%	37.0%
Arkansas	2,451	0.3%	1,741	0.2%	1,186	0.1%	20	0.0%	-31.9%	-98.3%
California	145,155	19.0%	169,702	20.1%	147,255	17.0%	212,732	24.0%	-13.2%	44.5%
Colorado	11,262	1.5%	12,071	1.4%	16,859	1.9%	8,802	1.0%	39.7%	-47.8%
Connecticut	11,448	1.5%	8,595	1.0%	15,676	1.8%	17,039	1.9%	82.4%	8.7%
Delaware	1,967	0.3%	1,541	0.2%	2,889	0.3%	2,226	0.3%	87.5%	-22.9%
District of Columbia	5,067	0.7%	6,126	0.7%	6,249	0.7%	5,484	0.6%	2.0%	-12.2%
Florida	45,540	6.0%	53,812	6.4%	62,663	7.2%	65,247	7.4%	16.4%	4.1%
Georgia	16,963	2.2%	16,076	1.9%	14,373	1.7%	12,061	1.4%	-10.6%	-16.1%
Hawaii	4,300	0.6%	2,896	0.3%	2,811	0.3%	5,220	0.6%	-2.9%	85.7%
Idaho	1,692	0.2%	2,305	0.3%	985	0.1%	967	0.1%	-57.3%	-1.8%
Illinois	35,632	4.7%	40,841	4.8%	46,141	5.3%	48,615	5.5%	13.0%	5.4%
Indiana	10,748	1.4%	12,008	1.4%	13,366	1.5%	9,192	1.0%	11.3%	-31.2%
Iowa	5,878	0.8%	5,437	0.6%	7,160	0.8%	6,605	0.7%	31.7%	-7.8%
Kansas	6,211	0.8%	11,758	1.4%	9,411	1.1%	8,953	1.0%	-20.0%	-4.9%
Kentucky	5,567	0.7%	7,878	0.9%	10,676	1.2%	6,436	0.7%	35.5%	-39.7%
Louisiana	5,140	0.7%	5,591	0.7%	7,633	0.9%	3,497	0.4%	36.5%	-54.2%
Maine	996	0.1%	705	0.1%	1,285	0.1%	1,914	0.2%	82.3%	48.9%
Maryland	20,037	2.6%	30,046	3.6%	18,775	2.2%	19,087	2.2%	-37.5%	1.7%
Massachusetts	33,534	4.4%	26,778	3.2%	30,365	3.5%	25,930	2.9%	13.4%	-14.6%
Michigan	26,110	3.4%	38,130	4.5%	36,607	4.2%	23,505	2.7%	-4.0%	-35.8%
Minnesota	11,209	1.5%	12,509	1.5%	13,914	1.6%	16,077	1.8%	11.2%	15.5%
Mississippi	1,892	0.2%	606	0.1%	2,248	0.3%	528	0.1%	271.0%	-76.5%
Missouri	8,248	1.1%	12,182	1.4%	10,562	1.2%	12,602	1.4%	-13.3%	19.3%
Montana	817	0.1%	605	0.1%	772	0.1%	285	0.0%	27.6%	-63.1%
Nebraska	3,329	0.4%	6,176	0.7%	5,293	0.6%	2,258	0.3%	-14.3%	-57.3%
Nevada	3,353	0.4%	8,435	1.0%	3,417	0.4%	1,020	0.1%	-59.5%	-70.1%
New Hampshire	2,680	0.4%	1,099	0.1%	2,639	0.3%	1,523	0.2%	140.1%	-42.3%

Table 8a. (cont.) Temporary Migrants in U.S. by State of Residence

State	Census 2000*		ACS							
			2000		2001		2002		% Change 2000-2001	% Change 2001-2002
			Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent		
New Jersey	35,351	4.6%	33,231	3.9%	41,024	4.7%	35,533	4.0%	23.5%	-13.4%
New Mexico	2,496	0.3%	4,423	0.5%	2,625	0.3%	4,069	0.5%	-40.7%	55.0%
New York	77,632	10.2%	85,450	10.1%	70,207	8.1%	77,665	8.8%	-17.8%	10.6%
North Carolina	14,897	1.9%	12,108	1.4%	13,132	1.5%	19,656	2.2%	8.5%	49.7%
North Dakota	886	0.1%	725	0.1%	1,414	0.2%	751	0.1%	95.0%	-46.9%
Ohio	20,790	2.7%	19,285	2.3%	18,375	2.1%	17,250	1.9%	-4.7%	-6.1%
Oklahoma	7,426	1.0%	7,495	0.9%	8,750	1.0%	3,680	0.4%	16.7%	-57.9%
Oregon	8,644	1.1%	6,727	0.8%	9,160	1.1%	10,070	1.1%	36.2%	9.9%
Pennsylvania	21,677	2.8%	23,575	2.8%	25,872	3.0%	23,198	2.6%	9.7%	-10.3%
Rhode Island	2,106	0.3%	4,157	0.5%	4,668	0.5%	3,045	0.3%	12.3%	-34.8%
South Carolina	4,317	0.6%	6,863	0.8%	6,658	0.8%	2,668	0.3%	-3.0%	-59.9%
South Dakota	527	0.1%	739	0.1%	2,667	0.3%	678	0.1%	260.9%	-74.6%
Tennessee	6,338	0.8%	8,184	1.0%	5,512	0.6%	8,096	0.9%	-32.6%	46.9%
Texas	55,101	7.2%	54,544	6.4%	72,434	8.4%	61,028	6.9%	32.8%	-15.7%
Utah	5,289	0.7%	4,743	0.6%	7,937	0.9%	6,273	0.7%	67.3%	-21.0%
Vermont	637	0.1%	1,051	0.1%	204	0.0%	1,501	0.2%	-80.6%	635.8%
Virginia	24,867	3.3%	16,111	1.9%	25,447	2.9%	17,771	2.0%	57.9%	-30.2%
Washington	19,132	2.5%	28,307	3.3%	19,087	2.2%	29,601	3.3%	-32.6%	55.1%
West Virginia	1,627	0.2%	3,259	0.4%	1,429	0.2%	1,290	0.1%	-56.2%	-9.7%
Wisconsin	8,467	1.1%	8,513	1.0%	10,492	1.2%	11,838	1.3%	23.2%	12.8%
Wyoming	353	0.0%	388	0.0%	171	0.0%	831	0.1%	-55.9%	386.0%

* Household population only.

Table 8b. (cont.) Foreign-Born Population in U.S. by State of Residence

State	Census 2000*		ACS							
			2000		2001		2002		% Change 2000-2001	% Change 2001-2002
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent		
New Mexico	147,724	0.5%	131,521	0.4%	129,632	0.4%	162,036	0.5%	-1.4%	25.0%
New York	3,822,961	12.4%	3,726,153	12.3%	3,733,075	11.9%	3,886,791	11.8%	0.2%	4.1%
North Carolina	423,297	1.4%	408,294	1.3%	460,325	1.5%	480,248	1.5%	12.7%	4.3%
North Dakota	11,340	0.0%	13,232	0.0%	14,629	0.0%	13,046	0.0%	10.6%	-10.8%
Ohio	332,350	1.1%	348,938	1.2%	323,142	1.0%	367,397	1.1%	-7.4%	13.7%
Oklahoma	128,872	0.4%	134,176	0.4%	139,775	0.4%	141,255	0.4%	4.2%	1.1%
Oregon	284,544	0.9%	263,483	0.9%	275,783	0.9%	311,388	0.9%	4.7%	12.9%
Pennsylvania	495,519	1.6%	494,164	1.6%	534,446	1.7%	550,826	1.7%	8.2%	3.1%
Rhode Island	117,255	0.4%	124,174	0.4%	120,491	0.4%	119,534	0.4%	-3.0%	-0.8%
South Carolina	113,446	0.4%	118,708	0.4%	110,561	0.4%	138,505	0.4%	-6.9%	25.3%
South Dakota	12,823	0.0%	12,790	0.0%	17,939	0.1%	13,791	0.0%	40.3%	-23.1%
Tennessee	155,833	0.5%	162,663	0.5%	172,220	0.5%	185,982	0.6%	5.9%	8.0%
Texas	2,877,612	9.4%	2,855,376	9.4%	3,017,066	9.6%	3,225,201	9.8%	5.7%	6.9%
Utah	156,352	0.5%	142,753	0.5%	161,377	0.5%	161,805	0.5%	13.0%	0.3%
Vermont	22,192	0.1%	20,488	0.1%	22,030	0.1%	22,929	0.1%	7.5%	4.1%
Virginia	561,874	1.8%	553,964	1.8%	579,417	1.8%	622,301	1.9%	4.6%	7.4%
Washington	606,566	2.0%	579,452	1.9%	597,956	1.9%	632,106	1.9%	3.2%	5.7%
West Virginia	18,739	0.1%	18,869	0.1%	19,270	0.1%	20,449	0.1%	2.1%	6.1%
Wisconsin	190,600	0.6%	191,645	0.6%	217,586	0.7%	213,943	0.6%	13.5%	-1.7%
Wyoming	10,724	0.0%	9,410	0.0%	10,041	0.0%	11,708	0.0%	6.7%	16.6%

* Household population only.

Table 8b. Foreign-Born Population in U.S. by State of Residence

State	Census 2000*		ACS							
			2000		2001		2002		% Change 2000-2001	% Change 2001-2002
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent		
Total	30,734,026	100.0%	30,273,660	100.0%	31,482,280	100.0%	33,048,849	100.0%	4.0%	5.0%
Alabama	85,802	0.3%	101,045	0.3%	89,898	0.3%	111,660	0.3%	-11.0%	24.2%
Alaska	35,347	0.1%	33,083	0.1%	34,204	0.1%	33,914	0.1%	3.4%	-0.8%
Arizona	648,872	2.1%	662,054	2.2%	679,074	2.2%	706,508	2.1%	2.6%	4.0%
Arkansas	72,853	0.2%	62,366	0.2%	73,654	0.2%	75,576	0.2%	18.1%	2.6%
California	8,788,293	28.6%	8,560,172	28.3%	8,803,617	28.0%	9,239,248	28.0%	2.8%	4.9%
Colorado	366,609	1.2%	358,742	1.2%	394,157	1.3%	429,929	1.3%	9.9%	9.1%
Connecticut	363,353	1.2%	342,698	1.1%	401,496	1.3%	404,483	1.2%	17.2%	0.7%
Delaware	44,336	0.1%	41,879	0.1%	48,958	0.2%	47,446	0.1%	16.9%	-3.1%
District of Columbia	72,208	0.2%	70,356	0.2%	72,912	0.2%	78,327	0.2%	3.6%	7.4%
Florida	2,638,222	8.6%	2,687,077	8.9%	2,830,441	9.0%	2,925,362	8.9%	5.3%	3.4%
Georgia	571,903	1.9%	563,762	1.9%	578,144	1.8%	640,259	1.9%	2.6%	10.7%
Hawaii	207,958	0.7%	198,532	0.7%	201,591	0.6%	216,579	0.7%	1.5%	7.4%
Idaho	62,709	0.2%	63,628	0.2%	68,421	0.2%	70,084	0.2%	7.5%	2.4%
Illinois	1,514,114	4.9%	1,530,964	5.1%	1,614,129	5.1%	1,604,036	4.9%	5.4%	-0.6%
Indiana	182,051	0.6%	193,765	0.6%	193,839	0.6%	205,499	0.6%	0.0%	6.0%
Iowa	88,248	0.3%	77,881	0.3%	87,495	0.3%	97,824	0.3%	12.3%	11.8%
Kansas	132,612	0.4%	103,974	0.3%	128,540	0.4%	110,728	0.3%	23.6%	-13.9%
Kentucky	76,482	0.2%	83,171	0.3%	69,152	0.2%	83,837	0.3%	-16.9%	21.2%
Louisiana	113,505	0.4%	99,655	0.3%	122,432	0.4%	113,178	0.3%	22.9%	-7.6%
Maine	35,310	0.1%	39,316	0.1%	37,206	0.1%	38,028	0.1%	-5.4%	2.2%
Maryland	513,306	1.7%	512,998	1.7%	526,523	1.7%	575,071	1.7%	2.6%	9.2%
Massachusetts	754,052	2.5%	756,500	2.5%	754,869	2.4%	814,549	2.5%	-0.2%	7.9%
Michigan	513,752	1.7%	513,023	1.7%	549,161	1.7%	535,763	1.6%	7.0%	-2.4%
Minnesota	255,447	0.8%	245,374	0.8%	287,826	0.9%	314,209	1.0%	17.3%	9.2%
Mississippi	37,448	0.1%	30,608	0.1%	41,009	0.1%	30,397	0.1%	34.0%	-25.9%
Missouri	148,095	0.5%	174,535	0.6%	163,800	0.5%	170,473	0.5%	-6.2%	4.1%
Montana	15,927	0.1%	14,201	0.0%	14,587	0.0%	14,236	0.0%	2.7%	-2.4%
Nebraska	73,323	0.2%	67,926	0.2%	74,386	0.2%	74,473	0.2%	9.5%	0.1%
Nevada	314,809	1.0%	288,608	1.0%	328,572	1.0%	364,690	1.1%	13.8%	11.0%
New Hampshire	52,811	0.2%	54,495	0.2%	57,215	0.2%	56,020	0.2%	5.0%	-2.1%
New Jersey	1,463,646	4.8%	1,431,019	4.7%	1,498,211	4.8%	1,585,222	4.8%	4.7%	5.8%

Table 8b. (cont.) Foreign-Born Population in U.S. by State of Residence

State	Census 2000*		ACS							
			2000		2001		2002		% Change 2000-2001	% Change 2001-2002
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent		
New Mexico	147,724	0.5%	131,521	0.4%	129,632	0.4%	162,036	0.5%	-1.4%	25.0%
New York	3,822,961	12.4%	3,726,153	12.3%	3,733,075	11.9%	3,886,791	11.8%	0.2%	4.1%
North Carolina	423,297	1.4%	408,294	1.3%	460,325	1.5%	480,248	1.5%	12.7%	4.3%
North Dakota	11,340	0.0%	13,232	0.0%	14,629	0.0%	13,046	0.0%	10.6%	-10.8%
Ohio	332,350	1.1%	348,938	1.2%	323,142	1.0%	367,397	1.1%	-7.4%	13.7%
Oklahoma	128,872	0.4%	134,176	0.4%	139,775	0.4%	141,255	0.4%	4.2%	1.1%
Oregon	284,544	0.9%	263,483	0.9%	275,783	0.9%	311,388	0.9%	4.7%	12.9%
Pennsylvania	495,519	1.6%	494,164	1.6%	534,446	1.7%	550,826	1.7%	8.2%	3.1%
Rhode Island	117,255	0.4%	124,174	0.4%	120,491	0.4%	119,534	0.4%	-3.0%	-0.8%
South Carolina	113,446	0.4%	118,708	0.4%	110,561	0.4%	138,505	0.4%	-6.9%	25.3%
South Dakota	12,823	0.0%	12,790	0.0%	17,939	0.1%	13,791	0.0%	40.3%	-23.1%
Tennessee	155,833	0.5%	162,663	0.5%	172,220	0.5%	185,982	0.6%	5.9%	8.0%
Texas	2,877,612	9.4%	2,855,376	9.4%	3,017,066	9.6%	3,225,201	9.8%	5.7%	6.9%
Utah	156,352	0.5%	142,753	0.5%	161,377	0.5%	161,805	0.5%	13.0%	0.3%
Vermont	22,192	0.1%	20,488	0.1%	22,030	0.1%	22,929	0.1%	7.5%	4.1%
Virginia	561,874	1.8%	553,964	1.8%	579,417	1.8%	622,301	1.9%	4.6%	7.4%
Washington	606,566	2.0%	579,452	1.9%	597,956	1.9%	632,106	1.9%	3.2%	5.7%
West Virginia	18,739	0.1%	18,869	0.1%	19,270	0.1%	20,449	0.1%	2.1%	6.1%
Wisconsin	190,600	0.6%	191,645	0.6%	217,586	0.7%	213,943	0.6%	13.5%	-1.7%
Wyoming	10,724	0.0%	9,410	0.0%	10,041	0.0%	11,708	0.0%	6.7%	16.6%

* Household population only.

Table 8c. Total U.S. Population by State of Residence

State	Census 2000*		ACS							
			2000		2001		2002		% Change 2000-2001	% Change 2001-2002
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent		
Total	273,637,396	100.0%	273,643,273	100.0%	277,017,622	100.0%	280,540,330	100.0%	1.2%	1.3%
Alabama	4,332,570	1.6%	4,332,380	1.6%	4,349,601	1.6%	4,370,221	1.6%	0.4%	0.5%
Alaska	607,641	0.2%	607,583	0.2%	615,531	0.2%	624,252	0.2%	1.3%	1.4%
Arizona	5,020,851	1.8%	5,020,782	1.8%	5,197,474	1.9%	5,346,616	1.9%	3.5%	2.9%
Arkansas	2,599,462	0.9%	2,599,492	0.9%	2,618,137	0.9%	2,634,848	0.9%	0.7%	0.6%
California	33,052,189	12.1%	33,051,894	12.1%	33,681,509	12.2%	34,292,871	12.2%	1.9%	1.8%
Colorado	4,198,094	1.5%	4,198,306	1.5%	4,314,724	1.6%	4,403,659	1.6%	2.8%	2.1%
Connecticut	3,297,334	1.2%	3,297,626	1.2%	3,317,131	1.2%	3,350,345	1.2%	0.6%	1.0%
Delaware	758,963	0.3%	759,017	0.3%	771,580	0.3%	782,221	0.3%	1.7%	1.4%
District of Columbia	536,373	0.2%	536,497	0.2%	536,260	0.2%	535,632	0.2%	0.0%	-0.1%
Florida	15,593,328	5.7%	15,593,433	5.7%	16,007,098	5.8%	16,318,656	5.8%	2.7%	1.9%
Georgia	7,952,484	2.9%	7,952,631	2.9%	8,150,008	2.9%	8,326,251	3.0%	2.5%	2.2%
Hawaii	1,175,923	0.4%	1,175,755	0.4%	1,188,615	0.4%	1,208,537	0.4%	1.1%	1.7%
Idaho	1,262,397	0.5%	1,262,457	0.5%	1,289,492	0.5%	1,308,320	0.5%	2.1%	1.5%
Illinois	12,096,973	4.4%	12,097,512	4.4%	12,160,474	4.4%	12,279,027	4.4%	0.5%	1.0%
Indiana	5,902,164	2.2%	5,902,331	2.2%	5,936,550	2.1%	5,980,881	2.1%	0.6%	0.7%
Iowa	2,821,939	1.0%	2,822,155	1.0%	2,818,957	1.0%	2,832,392	1.0%	-0.1%	0.5%
Kansas	2,606,372	1.0%	2,606,468	1.0%	2,612,636	0.9%	2,634,122	0.9%	0.2%	0.8%
Kentucky	3,926,781	1.4%	3,926,965	1.4%	3,950,704	1.4%	3,978,103	1.4%	0.6%	0.7%
Louisiana	4,332,884	1.6%	4,333,011	1.6%	4,329,436	1.6%	4,347,642	1.5%	-0.1%	0.4%
Maine	1,239,974	0.5%	1,240,011	0.5%	1,251,745	0.5%	1,259,547	0.4%	0.9%	0.6%
Maryland	5,162,381	1.9%	5,162,430	1.9%	5,241,087	1.9%	5,321,993	1.9%	1.5%	1.5%
Massachusetts	6,127,400	2.2%	6,127,881	2.2%	6,159,307	2.2%	6,210,578	2.2%	0.5%	0.8%
Michigan	9,688,463	3.5%	9,688,555	3.5%	9,740,127	3.5%	9,797,198	3.5%	0.5%	0.6%
Minnesota	4,783,531	1.7%	4,783,596	1.7%	4,836,367	1.7%	4,882,303	1.7%	1.1%	0.9%
Mississippi	2,749,237	1.0%	2,749,244	1.0%	2,762,576	1.0%	2,775,227	1.0%	0.5%	0.5%
Missouri	5,432,805	2.0%	5,433,153	2.0%	5,467,596	2.0%	5,505,963	2.0%	0.6%	0.7%
Montana	877,381	0.3%	877,433	0.3%	879,639	0.3%	884,587	0.3%	0.3%	0.6%
Nebraska	1,660,337	0.6%	1,660,445	0.6%	1,662,378	0.6%	1,677,978	0.6%	0.1%	0.9%
Nevada	1,964,572	0.7%	1,964,582	0.7%	2,072,391	0.7%	2,139,794	0.8%	5.5%	3.3%

Table 8c. (cont.) Total U.S. Population by State of Residence

State	Census 2000*		ACS							
			2000		2001		2002		% Change 2000-2001	% Change 2001-2002
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent		
New Hampshire	1,200,159	0.4%	1,200,247	0.4%	1,223,636	0.4%	1,238,917	0.4%	1.9%	1.2%
New Jersey	8,219,436	3.0%	8,219,529	3.0%	8,289,599	3.0%	8,395,357	3.0%	0.9%	1.3%
New Mexico	1,782,718	0.7%	1,782,739	0.7%	1,792,823	0.6%	1,818,718	0.6%	0.6%	1.4%
New York	18,395,693	6.7%	18,395,996	6.7%	18,433,370	6.7%	18,571,545	6.6%	0.2%	0.7%
North Carolina	7,795,305	2.8%	7,795,432	2.8%	7,932,350	2.9%	8,063,874	2.9%	1.8%	1.7%
North Dakota	618,494	0.2%	618,569	0.2%	610,793	0.2%	610,245	0.2%	-1.3%	-0.1%
Ohio	11,053,789	4.0%	11,054,019	4.0%	11,074,368	4.0%	11,122,112	4.0%	0.2%	0.4%
Oklahoma	3,338,046	1.2%	3,338,279	1.2%	3,347,660	1.2%	3,379,515	1.2%	0.3%	1.0%
Oregon	3,343,778	1.2%	3,343,908	1.2%	3,395,357	1.2%	3,444,153	1.2%	1.5%	1.4%
Pennsylvania	11,847,607	4.3%	11,847,753	4.3%	11,853,829	4.3%	11,897,522	4.2%	0.1%	0.4%
Rhode Island	1,009,430	0.4%	1,009,503	0.4%	1,020,102	0.4%	1,030,762	0.4%	1.0%	1.0%
South Carolina	3,876,875	1.4%	3,876,975	1.4%	3,927,982	1.4%	3,971,899	1.4%	1.3%	1.1%
South Dakota	726,335	0.3%	726,426	0.3%	727,968	0.3%	731,963	0.3%	0.2%	0.5%
Tennessee	5,541,168	2.0%	5,541,337	2.0%	5,592,019	2.0%	5,644,716	2.0%	0.9%	0.9%
Texas	20,290,302	7.4%	20,290,711	7.4%	20,764,441	7.5%	21,215,494	7.6%	2.3%	2.2%
Utah	2,192,656	0.8%	2,192,689	0.8%	2,229,295	0.8%	2,275,861	0.8%	1.7%	2.1%
Vermont	588,011	0.2%	588,067	0.2%	592,321	0.2%	595,826	0.2%	0.7%	0.6%
Virginia	6,846,703	2.5%	6,847,117	2.5%	6,956,276	2.5%	7,063,247	2.5%	1.6%	1.5%
Washington	5,757,636	2.1%	5,757,739	2.1%	5,849,311	2.1%	5,930,307	2.1%	1.6%	1.4%
West Virginia	1,765,125	0.6%	1,765,197	0.6%	1,758,747	0.6%	1,758,096	0.6%	-0.4%	0.0%
Wisconsin	5,207,651	1.9%	5,207,717	1.9%	5,245,913	1.9%	5,285,604	1.9%	0.7%	0.8%
Wyoming	479,676	0.2%	479,699	0.2%	480,332	0.2%	484,833	0.2%	0.1%	0.9%

* Household population only.

Table 9a. Temporary Migrants and Foreign-Born Population in U.S. by Region of Residence

Region	Temporary Migrants						Total Foreign-Born Population					
	Census 2000*	ACS					Census 2000*	ACS				
		2000	2001	2002	% Change 2000-2001	% Change 2001-2002		2000	2001	2002	% Change 2000-2001	% Change 2001-2002
Total	764,171	846,097	865,019	884,719	2.2%	2.3%	30,734,026	30,273,660	31,482,280	33,048,849	4.0%	5.0%
West	215,714	253,260	225,412	298,696	-11.0%	32.5%	11,646,434	11,305,639	11,699,012	12,354,231	3.5%	5.6%
Midwest	138,035	168,303	175,402	158,324	4.2%	-9.7%	3,454,755	3,474,047	3,672,472	3,721,182	5.7%	1.3%
South	224,361	239,893	272,265	240,351	13.5%	-11.7%	8,505,738	8,504,967	8,951,757	9,495,054	5.3%	6.1%
Northeast	186,061	184,641	191,940	187,348	4.0%	-2.4%	7,127,099	6,989,007	7,159,039	7,478,382	2.4%	4.5%

* Household population only.

Table 9b. Total U.S. Population by Region of Residence

Region	Census 2000*	ACS				
		2000	2001	2002	% Change 2000-2001	% Change 2001-2002
Total	273,637,396	273,643,273	277,017,622	280,540,330	1.2%	1.3%
West	61,715,512	61,715,566	62,986,493	64,162,508	2.1%	1.9%
Midwest	62,598,853	62,600,946	62,894,127	63,339,788	0.5%	0.7%
South	97,397,987	97,400,148	98,995,962	100,487,635	1.6%	1.5%
Northeast	51,925,044	51,926,613	52,141,040	52,550,399	0.4%	0.8%

* Household population only.